AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently amended) A method of reducing endotoxin induced cytokine production in a

human patient suffering from eachexia or body wasting in a human patient with liver cirrhosis,

the method comprising administering to the human patient an effective amount of a compound

that is able to reduce the production, absorption and/or the effect of an endotoxin

(lipopolysaccharide).

A method for determining, ameliorating, and treating endotoxin-mediated cachexia in a

human patient, the method comprising the steps of measuring the level of a cytokine or an

inflammatory marker or its production in the blood of the patient and if any such level is

elevated, administering to the human patient a therapeutically effective amount of a bile acid

selected from the group consisting of chenodeoxycholic acid, ursodeoxycholic acid,

dehydrocholic acid, cholic acid, and deoxycholic acid.

2. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1, further-comprising treating,

preventing or ameliorating endotoxin mediated immune activation in body wasting or cachoxia

in a human patient with liver-cirrhosis-the method comprising administering to the human patient

an effective amount of a compound that is able to reduce the production, absorption and/or the

effect of an endotoxin (lipopolysacoharide).

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The method according to claim 1, wherein cachexia is due to cancer, renal failure, heart failure, rheumatoid arthritis, AIDS, aging, or bacterial infection.

3. (Currently amended) The A method according to claim 1 wherein the bile acid

compound-is able to bind to an endotoxin (lipopolysaccharide) molecule.

4. (Currently amended) The A-method according to claim 1 wherein the bile acid

compound is able to reduce the available endotoxin in the patient.

5. (Currently amended) A-method according to claim 1 wherein the compound is a bile

acid The method according to claim 1, wherein the concentration of TNFa, IL-6, CD14, CrP.

procalcitonin, LPS levels, and white cell count are determined.

6. (Currently amended) The A method according to claim 1 wherein the bile acid

administered to the human patient is any one of ursodesoxycholic acid, chemodeoxycholic acid,

dehydrocholic acid, cholic acid and deoxycholic acid.

7. (Canceled)

8. (Canceled)

9. (Canceled)

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| 10. (Canceled) | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 11. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 12. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 13. (Canceled) | | | • | |
| 14. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 15. (Canceled) | • | | | |
| 16. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 17. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 18. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 19. (Canceled) | | | | |
| 20. (Currently amend | ded) The A method | d according to clai | m 1 wherein th | e <u>bile acid</u> |
| compound-is administered | orally. | | | |
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- 21. (Currently amended) The A method according to claim 1 wherein the bile acid compound is administered intravenously.
- 22. (Currently amended) The A method according to claim 1 wherein the bile acid compound is administered rectally.

23. (Canceled)

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